

### **AN IMPORTANT UPDATE TO SHARE WITH YOU**

Recently, I learned some important news about my health. I want to share it with you because it could also affect you as well as other members of our family.

I have been diagnosed with a condition called Fabry disease. Fabry disease is a genetic condition that affects a small number of people, so you or your doctor may not have heard of it.

Fabry disease runs in families related by blood and is caused by a gene variant. For every person who is diagnosed with Fabry disease, on average 5 family members may be diagnosed.



*Watch this video on the Discover Fabry website to learn more about Fabry disease*

### **How might Fabry disease affect our Family?**



*Chelsea, Jade, and Edward, living with Fabry disease, with their family members Senia and Lois*

People affected by Fabry disease can experience symptoms differently, even people within the same family. Some people may look and feel healthy and have very few symptoms. Others may have fatigue, an inability to sweat, pain in hands and feet, and/or stomach pain and diarrhea. Fabry disease can get worse over time and could lead to medical issues such as heart failure, kidney failure, and stroke.

### **How do I know if I have Fabry disease?**



*George, living with Fabry disease and his parents*

To learn if you are at risk for Fabry disease, you can ask your doctor or a Sanofi Patient Education Liaison about completing a medical family tree.

A straightforward blood or saliva test can be used to confirm whether you have inherited this condition.

### **What can I do to learn more?**



To learn more about Fabry disease, how it's inherited, or testing options, you can read more and access resources at [DiscoverFabry.com](https://www.DiscoverFabry.com). You can also connect with a Sanofi Patient Education Liaison to chat with someone one on one.

The sooner you know if you have Fabry disease, the sooner you can get the information and support you may need.

Sanofi does not provide medical advice, diagnosis, or treatment. The health information contained herein is provided for general educational purposes only. Your healthcare professional is the best source of information regarding your health. Please consult your healthcare professional if you have any questions about your health or treatment.